Surname

First name(s)

Centre Number Candidate Number

2



### **GCE A LEVEL**

1420U40-1

S23-1420N40-1-R1

THURSDAY, 15 JUNE 2023 – MORNING

### PHYSICS – A2 unit 4 **Fields and Options**

2 hours

Z nours	1			
		For Exa	aminer's us	e only
		Question	Maximum Mark	Mark Awarded
		1.	11	
ADDITIONAL MATERIALS		2.	14	
In addition to this examination paper, you will require a calculator and a <b>Data Booklet</b> .	O stine A	3.	19	
	Section A	4.	17	
INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES		5.	10	
De not use gel pen or correction fluid.		6.	9	
You may use a pencil for graphs and				
	Section B	Option	20	
Answer <b>all</b> questions. Write your name, centre number and		Total	100	

Write your name, centre n candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet. If you run out of space, use the additional page(s) at the back of the booklet, taking care to number the question(s) correctly.

#### INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

This paper is in 2 sections, **A** and **B**.

Section A: 80 marks. Answer all questions. You are advised to spend about 1 hour 35 minutes on this section.

Section B: 20 marks. Options. Answer one option only. You are advised to spend about 25 minutes on this section.

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question. The assessment of the quality of extended response (QER) will take place in question 5(b).







Examiner Michael, a laboratory technician, must make a  $2.7\,\mu$ F capacitor using only two square sheets of aluminium of side 42.0 cm. Determine whether or not it is realistic for Michael (b) to produce a capacitance of  $2.7 \,\mu\text{F}$  using these two sheets of aluminium and no dielectric. [4] ..... State what happens to the capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor when a dielectric is (C) placed between the plates. [1]

3



only

1420U401 03

Examiner only Light from a spiral galaxy is analysed and the following graph of velocity against distance from 2. the centre of the galaxy is obtained. Observations **<sub>I</sub>Observations** from <sub>I</sub> 21 cm hydrogen from starligh 100 Velocity/ km s<sup>-1</sup> **Expected from** the visible disk 50 10000 20,000 30000 40000 50 000 Distance/light years Show that the speed, v, of an object in a circular orbit of radius, r, about a massive object of mass, M, is given by: (a) [3]  $v = \sqrt{\frac{GM}{r}}$ 



Hence, explain why the graph is considered to be evidence for dark matter.

- (c) The lower curve in the graph suggests that an object a distance of 20000 light years from the centre of the galaxy should have an orbital speed of approximately  $50 \text{ km s}^{-1}$ . Use this data to estimate the visible mass of the galaxy. (1 light year =  $9.46 \times 10^{15} \text{ m}$ ) [3]
- (d) The observed data at 30 000 light years from the galactic centre were obtained using microwaves of wavelength 21 cm. Calculate the approximate wavelength shift that was observed to obtain the data plotted at 30 000 light years. [3]

(e) Use the Hubble equation to calculate the distance, from Earth, for a galaxy to have the same recessional speed as that of part (d).
[2]

Examiner only

[3]



(b)

14













(b) Bronwen varies the length of XY and records the electronic balance reading each time when a current of 5.00 A flows. She records all her results in a table and plots a graph of magnetic force against length of wire.

Length of XY/cm	Balance reading/g	Magnetic force / 10 <sup>-3</sup> N
1.0	0.56	5.5
2.0	1.22	
3.0	1.75	17.2
4.0	2.36	23.1
5.0	2.89	28.4
6.0	3.32	32.6
7.0		35.8

(i) **Complete the table and plot** the two missing points on the graph.



Examiner only

[4]





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13

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		Examiner
(b)	Explain how a Hall voltage arises in a Hall probe, how it is measured <b>and</b> how this can be used to measure the magnetic flux density. A diagram should be included in your answer. [6 QER]	only
		1420U401 15
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·····		
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		10



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Turn over.



(1420U40-1)

(b)	Explain why the electric field on the right-hand surface of the negative sphere is approximately $810000NC^{-1}$ and directed towards the left.	[3]	Examiner only
			9
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(1420U40-1)

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1420U401 17

#### **SECTION B: OPTIONAL TOPICS**

Option A – **Alternating Currents** 

Option B – **Medical Physics** 

Option C – **The Physics of Sports** 

Option D – Energy and the Environment

Answer the question on **one topic only**.

Place a tick  $(\mathcal{J})$  in one of the boxes above, to show which topic you are answering.

You are advised to spend about 25 minutes on this section.





19

Turn over.

Examiner only Vanessa states that her answers to parts (ii) and (iii) are consistent with the coil (iv) having completed a quarter of a cycle. Determine whether or not she is correct. [3] (b) Calculate the resonance frequency of the following circuit. [2] (i)  $V_{\rm rms} = 2.5 \,\rm V$  $C = 150 \, \text{pF}$  $R = 180 \,\Omega$  $L = 16 \,\mathrm{mH}$ [2] (ii) Explain why the rms current at resonance is approximately 14 mA. Calculate the rms current in the circuit when the frequency is 105 kHz. (iii) [4] .....



(iv) 	Explain why your answers to parts (b)(i), (b)(ii) and (b)(iii) suggest that the circuit has a high $Q$ factor. [2]	only
 (v)	Thomas considers the effect, on this circuit, of increasing the capacitance only. He believes that this will decrease the $Q$ factor. Determine whether or not he is correct. [2]	
		20
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	(iv)	Determine the minimum wavelength, $\lambda_{\min}$ , of the X-rays produced by this tube. [3]
b)	(i)	An ultrasound probe can be used to study the speed of blood flow from the heart. Explain how the probe produces ultrasound <b>and</b> how the speed of blood flow can be determined. [3]
	(ii)	In measuring the speed of blood flow, the frequency of ultrasound used is $2.0 \text{ MHz}$ and it travels through the blood at $1570 \text{ m s}^{-1}$ . A frequency shift of $0.23 \text{ kHz}$ is measured when the ultrasound is incident at an angle of $37^{\circ}$ to the blood flow. [2]
	(ii) 	In measuring the speed of blood flow, the frequency of ultrasound used is $2.0 \text{ MHz}$ and it travels through the blood at $1570 \text{ m s}^{-1}$ . A frequency shift of $0.23 \text{ kHz}$ is measured when the ultrasound is incident at an angle of $37^{\circ}$ to the blood flow. Calculate the speed of the blood flow. [2]
	(ii)	In measuring the speed of blood flow, the frequency of ultrasound used is 2.0 MHz and it travels through the blood at 1570 m s <sup>-1</sup> . A frequency shift of 0.23 kHz is measured when the ultrasound is incident at an angle of 37° to the blood flow. Calculate the speed of the blood flow. [2]
	(ii)	In measuring the speed of blood flow, the frequency of ultrasound used is 2.0 MHz and it travels through the blood at 1570 m s <sup>-1</sup> . A frequency shift of 0.23 kHz is measured when the ultrasound is incident at an angle of 37° to the blood flow. Calculate the speed of the blood flow. [2]
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						Exan
(C)	Doctors are (hyperthyro this.	e concerned t idism). They	hat a patient is suffe have the choice of t	ering from an over he following techr	active thyroid gland niques to help diagnos	se
	X-ray	MRI	ultrasound	CT scan	radioactive trac	ers
	Evaluate the overactive t	e suitability o hyroid gland.	f <b>all five</b> types of im	aging techniques	for detecting an	[5]
						2







•••••				
(iii) T tl	The rugby ball is dropp he playing surfaces an	ped on to two playin re different.	g surfaces, A and B.	Evaluate whether [3]
	Playing surface	Initial height/m	Bounce height/m	
	A	7.8	1.2	
	В	4.5	0.7	
••••••				
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		Option D – Energy and the Environment	Exa
<b>)</b> . (a)	(i) 	The mean temperature of the Earth is 288K. Assuming it behaves as a black body, show that the wavelength of the peak emission of radiation is in the infra-red region of the electromagnetic spectrum. [2]	
	(ii)	Carbon dioxide, methane and water vapour are greenhouse gases. Describe the role these gases play in the greenhouse effect. [3]	
(b)	(i)	The Greenland ice sheet is the second largest ice sheet in the world. Over the last two decades the mean decrease in volume of Greenland's ice is $3.0 \times 10^{11} \text{ m}^3 \text{ year}^{-1}$ . Estimate the volume of water released into the surrounding ocean in this time period. [ $\rho_{\text{ice}} = 920 \text{ kg m}^{-3}$ , $\rho_{\text{water}} = 1000 \text{ kg m}^{-3}$ ] [2]	•
	(ii)	Satellite images show that the edge of the Greenland ice sheet appears brown in places. Scientists report that this discolouration is due to microscopic plants flourishing in the melting ice. Explain the effect this could have on the rate at	



(1420U40-1)







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35

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36

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