

Centre Number				
	Can	didat	e Nu	mber

General Certificate of Secondary Education 2015

Biology

Unit 2 Foundation Tier

GBY21

[GBY21]

MONDAY 15 JUNE, MORNING

TIME

1 hour 30 minutes.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided at the top of this page.

You must answer the questions in the spaces provided.

Do not write outside the boxed area on each page or on blank pages.

Complete in blue or black ink only. Do not write with a gel pen.

Answer **all fourteen** questions.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The total mark for this paper is 90.

Figures in brackets printed down the right-hand side of pages indicate the marks awarded to each question or part question.

Quality of written communication will be assessed in Question 14.

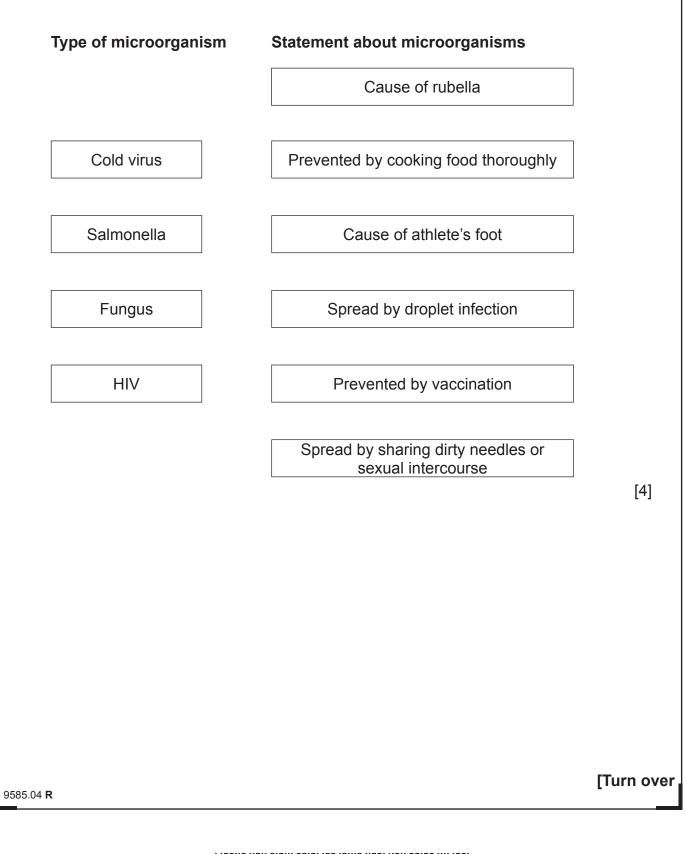
9585.04 **R**

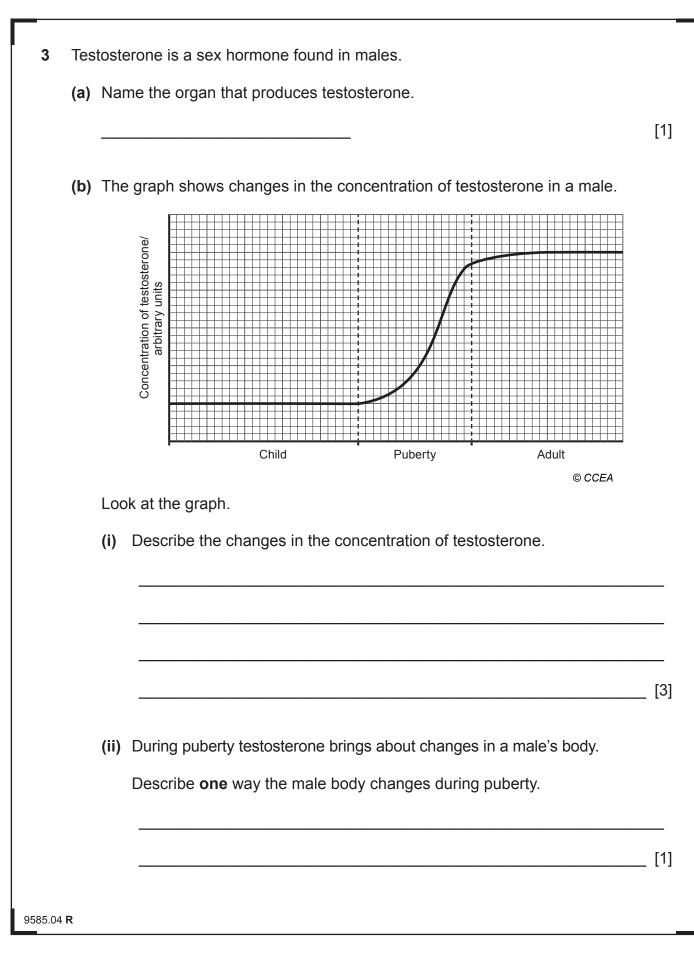
24GBY2101

1 The	e diagram shows a	an egg and a sperm jus	t before fertilisation.	
			egg nucleus	
			sperm nucleus	
			A	
		0		
			_	
		© danielle71 / Thinkstock	В	
Loc	ok at the diagram.			
(a)	(i) Label parts A	and B.		
	Α			[1]
	В			[1]
	(II) what is the f	unction of part A ?		
				[1]
(b)	In which part of the	he female reproductive	system does fertilisation tak	ke place?
				[1]
			_	
(c)	Name the cell pro	oduced by fertilisation.		
	Put a circle arour	nd the correct answer.		
	foetus	zygote	embryo	[1]
9585.04 R				

24GBY2102

Diseases caused by microorganisms are spread and prevented in different ways.Draw lines to link each type of microorganism to one correct statement about it.





Resercit

2 Looming 7 Looming Research

CC.

Reserved Port

20 Loaming

CC.

20 J Lawring

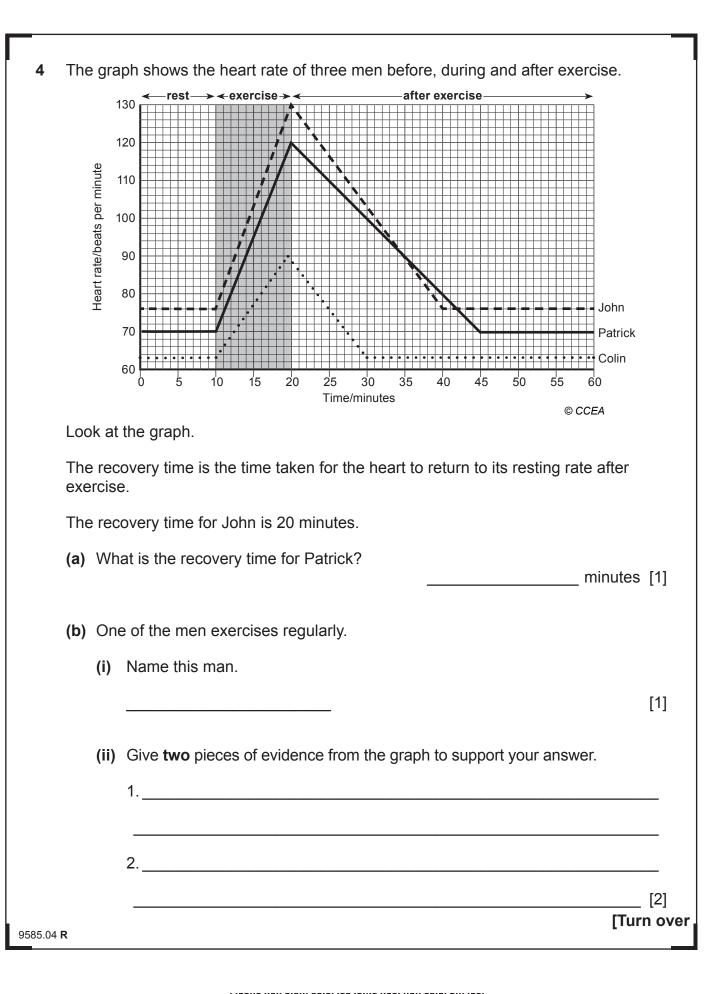
Reserved Powerter PD Theorem

D

Rewarding

D

24GBY2104



5 The	e diagram shows a simple potometer at the start of an experiment.	
(b)	(ii) Explain what causes this change.	 [2] [1] [1]
9585.04 R		

24GBY2106

Resercin 200 7 Learning CC. 20 y Learning y Learning Rosertin DD y Learning CC. Reverter C 20 7 Learning CC. 20 7 Learning Reserver 20 y Learning G 200 g Learning CC. 200 7 Levenstry Rowardin Reverting 7 Leasting Reverting 200 CC. Rewarding 200 7 Levening y Learning Revention 2 Learning

P

6 The		
Loc	ok at the photograph.	
	Cell A is adapted to carry oxygen.	
(a)		
	(i) Name cell A.	
		[1]
	(ii) Describe two ways it is adapted to carry oxygen.	
		[4]
	1	[1]
	2	[1]
(b)	Name two substances transported in blood plasma.	
()		[1]
	1	[1]
	2	[1]
(c)	Platelets are shown in the photograph.	
	Give the function of platelets.	
		[4]
		[1]
9585.04 R		[Turn over

Albino rabbits have white fur.

brown rabbit



© Colin Varndell / Science Photo Library

white rabbit



© Vladimir lakush/ iStock/ Thinkstock

White fur is controlled by a recessive allele **b**.

Brown fur is controlled by a dominant allele **B**.

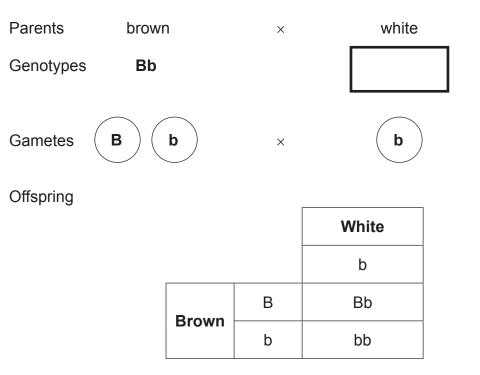
(a) What is an allele?

9585.04 **R**

24GBY2108

9585.04 **R**

(b) The diagram shows a cross between a brown rabbit and a white rabbit.



(i) Complete the diagram by adding the genotype of the white parent. [1]
(ii) What term is used to describe the genotype of the brown parent?

[1]

(iii) Name the grid used to work out the genotypes of the offspring.

[1]

(iv) What is the ratio of genotypes in the offspring?

[1]

[1]

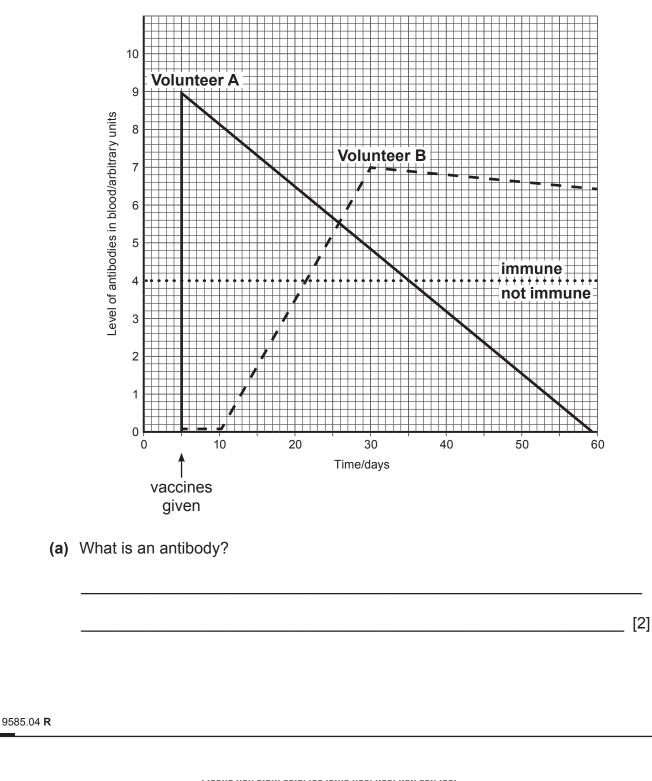
De l'anning Reserving Reserving Reserving Reserving Reserving CC. D CC. C Rovertin D C 20 T Learning CC. Rowardin Dog CC. 200 Romanda 20 a 20 Learning CC. 20 J Learning Research 20 J. Lawrence CC. D CC. D D

Resercit

8 Two volunteers were going abroad to help the victims of a disaster.

Before leaving they had to be vaccinated against a serious disease found in the disaster area.

The graph shows the level of antibodies in their blood before and after the vaccinations.



24GBY2110

(b)	Wh	at was the antibody concentration in the blood of each volunteer on o	day 40?
	Volu	unteer A arbitrary units.	
	Volu	unteer B arbitrary units.	[2]
(c)	Volu	unteer A was advised to return home by day 35.	
	Exp	plain why.	
			[2]
(d)	Volu	unteer B was given a vaccination to bring about active immunity.	
	(i)	What is active immunity?	
			[1]
		Give two pieces of evidence from the graph which suggests that the vaccination given to volunteer B brought about active immunity.	
		1	
		2	
			[']
			[Turn over
9585.04 R			

9 (a)	The diagram shows cancer cells in a tumour.
	tumour cancer cells normal cells
	© Somersault18:24/ iStock/ Thinkstock
	(i) What is cancer?
	Look at the diagram.
	(ii) Give one piece of evidence, from the diagram, which suggests this tumour is malignant.
9585.04 R	

Resercin

Perantity Please the Researcher Perantity

y Learning Rosertin DO y Learning

Reserved Res

CC Reserved To 7 Learning

Description Descr

Reaction Parameter Planeter Reaction Reaction

Reverting 7 Leasting Reverting

Dentriky Romartin 7 Learning 7 Learning Romartin

200 7 Levening

y Learning Revention 2 Learning

P



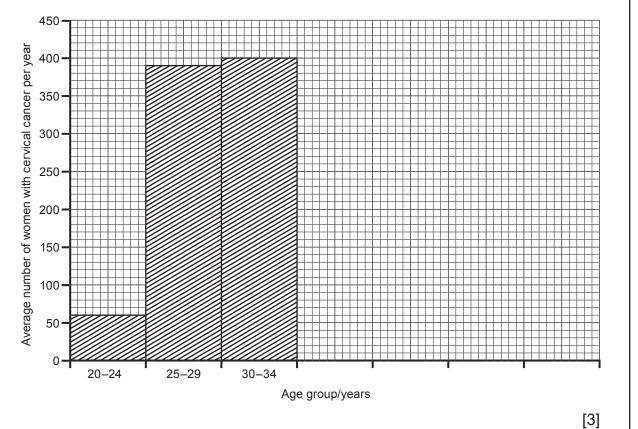
24GBY2112

(b) The number of women in the UK diagnosed with cervical cancer was recorded over a three year period and the average number per year was calculated.

The table shows the average number of women in each age group with cervical cancer.

Age group/ years	Average number of women with cervical cancer per year
20–24	60
25–29	390
30–34	400
35–39	430
40–44	360
45–49	270
50–54	190

(i) Complete the histogram using the results in the table.



[Turn over

Shade the bars you have drawn.





24GBY2113

All women in the UK between the ages of 25 and 54 are screened for cervical cancer.
(ii) Suggest one reason why women below the age of 24 are not included in all

		-	_			
(iii)	Explain	why	screening	programmes	are in	nnortant
····/	Explain	vviiy	ooroorning	programmou		inportant.

screening programmes.

____ [2]

_____ [1]

9585.04 **R**

24GBY2114

D

10 (rilisation is a reliable method of contraception in women. Explain why sterilisation in women is reliable.	
				[2]
		(ii)	Give one other advantage of sterilisation as a method of contraceptio	n.
				[1]
(b)	A co	ondom is another method of contraception.	
		(i)	Describe how condoms prevent pregnancy.	
				[2]
		(ii)	Give one health advantage of using a condom.	
				[1]
				T
9585.04 R			L	Turn ove

24GBY2115

a 20 7 Learning C 2D CC. Ð a D a Ð G D a Ð a D C D a 20 Learning a Ð a a De a Ð a Ð a Ð a Ð Œ Ð a D Reserve D CC. D CC. Ð P.

Reasedin

11 Cigarette smoke contains nicotine.

The concentration of nicotine in the air is a measure of the total number of cigarettes being smoked.

The table shows the concentration of nicotine in 50 pubs before and after a smoking ban.

Concentration	Number of pubs			
of nicotine in the air/ arbitrary units	Before ban	After ban		
0–100	0	44		
101–200	1	6		
201–300	3	0		
301–400	20	0		
401–500	26	0		
		© CCEA		

(a) Describe the effect of the smoking ban on the concentration of nicotine in pubs.

Use data from the table to support your answer.

		[(
(b)	Give two ways nicotine affects the body.	
	2	

24GBY2116

(c)	Suggest two other substances in cigarette smoke that could be used to measure the impact of a smoking ban.	-
	Explain the effect of each substance on the body.	
	1. Substance	[1]
	Explanation	
		_ [1]
	2. Substance	[1]
	Explanation	
		[1]
(d)	Suggest one reason why some people object to a smoking ban.	

9585.04 **R**

[Turn over

_____ [1]

24GBY2117

(a)	Height is an example of variation.(a) Name the type of variation shown by height.							
							[1]	
(b)	b) The heights of 10 pupils in a class of 26 were measured to the nearest centimetre.							
	The	The results are shown.						
	162	156 16	t Ú 172	168 169	165 178 16	6 168		
	(i)	Complete the tally chart for these results. The first three have been done for you.						
		Height/	cm	Tally	Number of p	oupils		
		155–15			1			
		160–16	64 I		2			
		165–16						
		170–17						
		175–17	79				[2]	
	(ii) Suggest which type of graph should be used to present these results. Put a circle around the correct answer.							
		bar chart		histogram	pie ch	art	[1]	
	(iii) What percentage of pupils were less than 165 cm tall? Show your working.							
							% [2]	

Resercit

Pasanth Dep 7 Learning Reserved Pasanthy

P

24GBY2118

	(iv)	Suggest why this percentage may not be reliable.	
			[1]
(c)	(i)	Height may be affected by a number of environmental factors. Suggest one.	
			[1]
	(ii)	Give one cause, other than environmental, of variation in height.	
			[1]

9585.04 **R**

[Turn over



13 During pregnancy the baby can be screened for chromosome abnormalities. Cells from the baby are removed and allowed to divide. During the cell division the chromosomes are photographed. (a) Name this type of screening test. [1] (b) Name the part of the cell where chromosomes are found. [1] The photographs show the chromosomes of two babies. Baby A Baby B 8 ØŨ 8 ØV 80 80 Ň 00 X ÅĂ ٨ŏ Ňā ÂA 91 8A 80 8A ăă ăă 80 20 öñ õŏ öñ õŏ 24 24 ÓÒ ÓÒ ٨Ň ÛÅ ٨Å ÛÅ ăă ăă ňă ňă ñă ñă XX XX XZ ň۵ άb 20 20 ©Leonard Lessin / Science Photo Library ©Leonard Lessin / Science Photo Library 9585.04 **R**

Romanter Powarter

a

Ð

A D

Q D

a

Ð

a

Ð

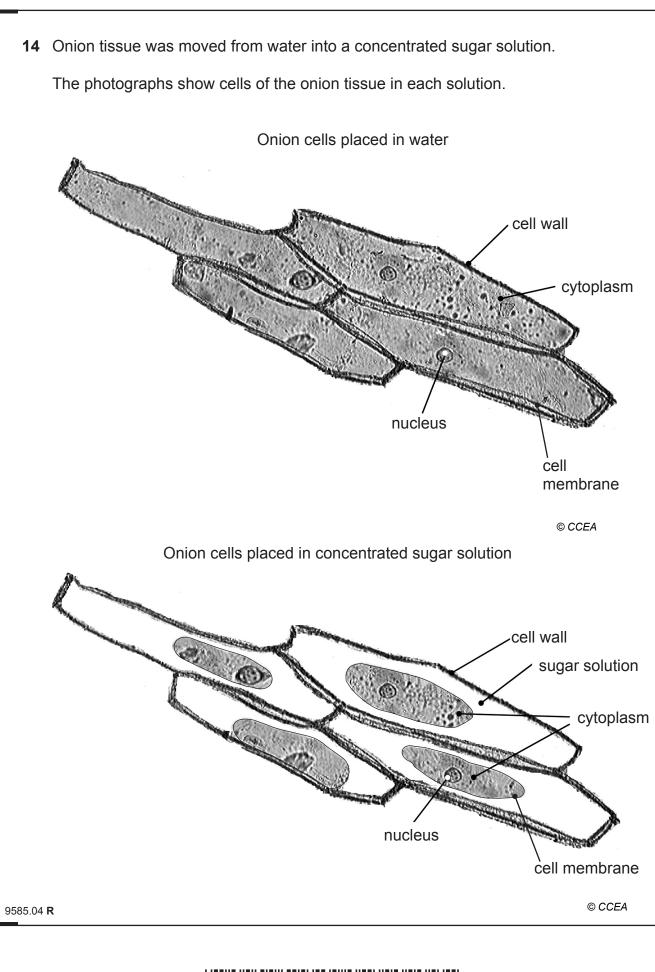
Q D

D



24GBY2120

(C)	Name the condition caused by this chromosome abnormality.
(d)	What term describes the random change that causes chromosome
	abnormalities?
lde	ntical twins have identical sets of chromosomes.
(e)	Give one piece of evidence from the photographs to explain why baby A and baby B are not identical.
(f)	Give two ethical issues that may arise because of this screening test.



24GBY2122

9585.04

Look at the photographs.

Use evidence from the photographs to

- describe how the cells changed when placed in concentrated sugar solution.
- use the theory of osmosis to explain these changes.

In this question you will be assessed on your written communication skills, including the use of specialist scientific terms.

			[6
			[

24GBY2123

DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE

	For Examiner's use only		
	Question Number	Marks	
	1		
	2		
	3		
	4		
	5		
	6		
	7		
	8		
	9		
	10		
	11		
	12		
	13		
	14		
	Total Marks		
xaminer Number			

Permission to reproduce all copyright material has been applied for. In some cases, efforts to contact copyright holders may have been unsuccessful and CCEA will be happy to rectify any omissions of acknowledgement in future if notified.

9585.04 **R**

24GBY2124