General Certificate of Secondary Education

2015-2016

# Double Award Science: Chemistry

Unit C1 Foundation Tier

## [GSD21] THURSDAY 25 FEBRUARY 2016, MORNING

### TIME

1 hour.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

Write your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided at the top of this page.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this question paper. Answer **all ten** questions.

#### INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The total mark for this paper is 70.

Figures in brackets printed down the right-hand side of pages indicate the marks awarded to each question or part question. Quality of written communication will be assessed in Question **9**. A Data Leaflet, which includes a Periodic Table of the Elements, is included in this question paper.

For Examiner's use only				
Question Number Marks				
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				
Total Marks				



Centre Number

**Candidate Number** 



1 (a) When copper is mixed with other metals new substances are produced which have particular properties.

Use lines to link each substance to the use you think is best.

Examiner Only

Marks Rema



- Examiner Only Marks Remark solid purple gas iodine crystals gentle heat Source: Principal Examiner (a) What name is given to the process in which a solid changes to a gas without forming a liquid? \_\_\_\_ [1] (b) Name the solid formed near the top of the boiling tube. [1]
- The diagram below shows the apparatus used to heat iodine crystals. 2

The diagrams below show the structures of two different atoms. 3 Examiner Only Marks Rema × ×× × В Α (a) Complete each of the sentences below by choosing one of the words from the list below. molecule nucleus electrons protons shells core (i) The centre of an atom is called the \_\_\_\_\_. [1] (ii) The particles in the centre of an atom are called neutrons and . [1] (iii) The electrons are arranged in \_\_\_\_\_. [1] (b) What is the atomic number of atom B? \_\_\_\_\_ [1] (c) What is the mass number of atom A? \_\_\_\_\_ [1] (d) Explain fully why diagram A represents an atom and not an ion. [2]

4	Many chemica	lelements	are used in	n making	smart phone	es.
	2					



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Read the passage and answer the questions which follow.

The screen on a smart phone is made of indium oxide mixed with tin oxide and is strengthened using potassium. The batteries have lithium oxide anodes and carbon cathodes. The wiring is made of copper. The alloys which are used for the outer casing include magnesium.

(a) Name an alkali metal compound used in making smart phones.

			_ [1]
(b)	Nar	me a <b>Group II</b> element used in making smart phone cases.	
			_ [1]
(c)	Wh	at Group IV element is used in the battery?	
			_ [1]
(d)	Nar	me a <b>transition</b> element used in wiring the phone.	
			_ [1]
(e)	Indi	um is an element in Group III of the Periodic Table.	
	(i)	How many electrons would you expect it to have in its outer sh	nell?
			_ [1]
	(ii)	Suggest the formula for indium oxide.	
			_ [1]

Examiner Only <u>Marks</u> Remark



**6** The table below gives information about five compounds, A, B, C, D and E which dissolve in water to give either acidic, neutral or alkaline solutions.

compound	produces H <sup>+</sup> ions in water	produces OH <sup>-</sup> ions in water	рН	colour of universal indicator in the solution
А	no	yes	9	dark green
В			1	red
С	no	yes	14	
D	no	no	7	green
E	yes	no	4	orange

- (a) Complete the table above by writing the missing words in the spaces.
- (b) Use the information given in the table to identify each of the compounds A, B, C, D and E from the list given below.

		sodium hyd	droxide	sodium chlori	de	ammonia		
		e	thanoic acio	d hydrochl	oric aci	d		
	А				_			
	В				_			
	С				_			
	D				_			
	Е				_		[4]	
(c)	Wł Cir	nat units are cle the corr	e used to me ect answer.	easure the conc	entratio	on of acids?		
	m	ol/dm	mol <sup>3</sup> /dm	n mol/dr	n <sup>3</sup>	mol <sup>3</sup> /dm <sup>3</sup>	[1]	

Examiner Only

Marks Remark

[3]

7 The symbol equation below shows the reaction between sodium and water.

 $2 \text{ Na} + 2 \text{H}_2 \text{O} \rightarrow 2 \text{ NaOH} + \text{H}_2$ 

Examiner Only

Marks Remark

			$\bigcirc$	
(a)	Choose the following from the equation:			
	(i) A reactant which is an element:	[1]		
	(ii) A product which is a compound:	[1]		
	(iii) A diatomic element:	[1]		
(b)	Complete the word equation for the reaction between potassium an water.	d		
	potassium + water $\rightarrow$ +	[2]		
(c)	How is sodium stored in the laboratory?			
		[1]		
(d)	Describe the appearance of sodium			
	when freshly cut:	[1]		
	when left in air for a period of time:	[1]		
(e)	When sodium is added to hydrochloric acid, sodium chloride is formed. Explain why this reaction is not demonstrated in the school laboratory.			
		[2]		

#### **BLANK PAGE**

(Questions continue overleaf)

(a) Give an accurate definition of the term solubility. 8

Solubility is	
	[4]

Examiner Only Marks Remar

The table below gives information on whether some salts are soluble (S) or insoluble (I) in water.

anion cation	nitrate	carbonate	chloride	sulfate
magnesium	S	I	S	S
potassium	S	S	S	S
lead	S	I	I	I
calcium	S	I	S	S
ammonium	S	S	S	S

(b) Use the information in the table to deduce rules for the solubility of salts by completing the sentences:

(i) Cations: All \_\_\_\_\_ and

for \_\_\_\_\_.

salts are soluble.

Anions: Most sulfates are \_\_\_\_\_\_ except

All metal \_\_\_\_\_ are soluble. [5]

(ii) Predict whether each of the following salts is soluble (S) or insoluble (I) in water.

potassium iodide \_\_\_\_\_ lead bromide \_\_\_\_\_ copper nitrate \_\_\_\_\_

[3]

(c)	The	chemical formula for ammonium sulfate is $(NH_4)_2SO_4$ .								
	(i)	How many elements are present in ammonium sulfate?								
			[1]							
	(ii)	How many oxygen atoms are present in the formula $(NH_4)_2SO_2$	4? [1]							
	(iii)	How many atoms are present in the formula (NH <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> ?	[1]							
	(iv)	Give the formula of a molecular ion present in ammonium sulfa	ite.							
			[1]							
				17-1						
.05 <b>R</b>		11		Linur	over					

**9** The modern Periodic Table of the elements has been developed over many years. Newlands and Mendeleev were both involved in finding patterns between the elements and Mendeleev prepared the first Periodic Table.

Examiner Only

Marks Remark

Describe:

- The key feature of the pattern found by Newlands
- Key features of Mendeleev's Periodic Table
- Ways in which the modern Periodic Table differs from the one proposed by Mendeleev

In this question you will be assessed on your written communication skills including the use of specialist scientific terms.

		[6]
		[9]

()	atom and a chlorine atom. All electrons should be shown.	lydrogen	Marks R	emark
	hydrogen atom chlorine atom	1		
		[2]		
(b)	Explain fully, in terms of the electrons, how hydrogen and c combine to form the gas hydrogen chloride. Your answer s include the type of bonding.	hlorine:		
		[3]		
	THIS IS THE END OF THE QUESTION PAP	ER		
	(b)	hydrogen atom  chlorine atom    (b)  Explain fully, in terms of the electrons, how hydrogen and combine to form the gas hydrogen chloride. Your answer si include the type of bonding.	hydrogen atom  chlorine atom    [2]  (b) Explain fully, in terms of the electrons, how hydrogen and chlorine combine to form the gas hydrogen chloride. Your answer should include the type of bonding.  [2]    (b) Explain fully, in terms of the electrons, how hydrogen and chlorine combine to form the gas hydrogen chloride. Your answer should include the type of bonding.  [3]    THIS IS THE END OF THE QUESTION PAPER	hydrogen atom  chlorine atom    [2]    (b)  Explain fully, in terms of the electrons, how hydrogen and chlorine combine to form the gas hydrogen chloride. Your answer should include the type of bonding.

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