

| Centre Number | | | | | | |
|---------------|-----|-------|------|------|--|--|
| | | | | | | |
| | Can | didat | e Nu | mber | | |

General Certificate of Secondary Education 2017–2018

Science: Single Award

Unit 3 (Physics)

Higher Tier



[GSS32]

GSS32

WEDNESDAY 23 MAY 2018, AFTERNOON

TIME

1 hour 15 minutes.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided at the top of this page.

You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the boxed area on each page or on blank pages. Complete in black ink only. Do not write with a gel pen.

Answer all nine questions.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The total mark for this paper is 75.

Figures in brackets printed down the right-hand side of pages indicate the marks awarded to each question or part question.

Quality of written communication will be assessed in Questions 2(a) and 7(a).

12154.05**R**

32GSS3201



32GSS3202

Reasertin 20 y Learning a 20 7 Learning a Ð a Ð a Ð a Ð a Ð a Ð a Ð a Ð a 2D a Ð a 2D a 2D a Ð a Ð a D a Ð a Ð a Ð D a D a

Ð

P2

(b) The graph below shows the power produced per day by different energy sources from October to March for part of the United Kingdom.



12154.05**R**

Ge

| 2 (a) | Long sight is a common eye defect. Explain fully what causes a person to be long sighted. |
|----------------|--|
| | Your answer should include: the names of the parts of the eye involved the effect on a person's vision |
| | how to correct long sight |
| | In this question you will be assessed on your written communication skills including the use of specialist scientific terms. |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | [6] |
| 54.05 R | |

32GSS3204

BLANK PAGE

DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE

(Questions continue overleaf)

12154.05**R**

[Turn over

32GSS3205

Resarch

She set the object distance at 10 cm from the lens and moved the screen until it showed a clear image. She repeated this with different object distances. Her results are shown below.

| Object distance/cm | Image distance/cm |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| 10 | 10.0 |
| 15 | 7.5 |
| 20 | 6.7 |
| 25 | 6.2 |
| 30 | 6.0 |

12154.05**R**

32GSS3207

3 (a) Scientists who work in nuclear power stations must wear a special badge. The badge consists of a radiation sensitive film covered by four different materials, as shown in the diagram. These materials may or may not stop the different types of radiation passing to the film. air lead > 4 aluminium 4 \rightarrow paper The film turns black if any radiation reaches it by passing through the material. Shown below is the badge worn by one of the scientists. (i) Use the information given to identify **one** type of radiation (**alpha**, **beta** or gamma) that was present. Explain your answer fully. ____ [3] 12154.05**R**

32GSS3208

Reased 20 y Learning a 20 J Learning a Ð G Ð a D a Ð a Ð a Ð a Ð a Ð a Ð a Ð a Ð a 2D a Ð a Ð a D a Ð a Ð a Ð Ð a Ð a

Ð

P2

(ii) Some of the radiation present is background radiation. What is meant by the term background radiation?

_____ [1]

(iii) Radon gas is a source of background radiation. Give one other source of **natural** background radiation.

_____ [1]

The table below shows the effect of radon gas on both smokers and non-smokers.

| | Chance of lung cancer/% | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|--------|--|
| Indoor radon level Bq/m³ | Non-smoker | Smoker | |
| 20 | 0.50 | 14.00 | |
| 200 | 0.55 | 20.00 | |
| 800 | 1.00 | 34.00 | |

(b) Give one conclusion that can be made from this information.

_____ [1]

12154.05**R**

[Turn over

32GSS3209

32GSS3210

D

BLANK PAGE

DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE

(Questions continue overleaf)

12154.05**R**

[Turn over

32GSS3211

- Reased 20 y Learning a 20 7 Learning a Ð a Ð a Ð a Ð C. Ð C. Ð a Ð a D a D a Ð a D a 2D a Ð a Ð a Ð a Ð a Ð a Ð Ð a D a Ð P2
- **4** (a) The table below shows the increased risk that drivers will crash as their blood alcohol content rises.

| Blood alcohol content/ mg/100ml | Increased risk of crashing |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 80 | ×4 |
| 120 | ×15 |
| 160 | ×30 |

The legal limit for a driver's blood alcohol content is 80 mg/100 ml of blood.

(i) Using evidence from the table, suggest why some people think this legal limit should be lower than 80 mg/100 ml.

_ [1]

(ii) Explain fully how alcohol increases the risk of a driver having a crash.

_____ [2]

12154.05**R**

32GSS3212

Leeming

The table below shows the number of people caught driving while over the legal limit for alcohol at different times during the night and early morning.

| | Day of the week | | | | | | |
|----------|-----------------|---------|-----------|----------|--------|----------|--------|
| Time | Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday | Saturday | Sunday |
| Midnight | 28 | 15 | 21 | 27 | 30 | 83 | 96 |
| 1 am | 21 | 12 | 13 | 16 | 30 | 78 | 87 |
| 2 am | 20 | 11 | 11 | 15 | 23 | 62 | 70 |
| 3 am | 14 | 6 | 7 | 10 | 17 | 51 | 65 |
| 4 am | 9 | 8 | 7 | 10 | 16 | 45 | 58 |
| 5 am | 9 | 7 | 2 | 6 | 8 | 27 | 38 |

(b) State two conclusions that can be made from this data.

| 1. | | | |
|----|--|--|--|
| | | | |
| | | | |
| 2. | | | |
| | | | |

_____ [2]

12154.05**R**

3

[Turn over

© Kateryna Kon / Science Photo Library

A student gave the following account of how a star is formed. However, it contains three mistakes.

'A star forms from a cloud of gas which is mainly nitrogen. This gas is pushed together by the force of gravity. As the cloud collapses the centre heats up and becomes a Protostar. Eventually it starts producing heat and light through the process of nuclear fission.'

(a) Complete the table below to identify and correct the mistakes in the student's account.

| Mistake | Correction |
|----------|------------|
| nitrogen | |
| | |
| | |

[3]

12154.05**R**

32GSS3214

The diagram below shows the geocentric model of the Solar System. - Earth Venus 🗉 Moon Mercury é Sun Saturn Mars Jupiter 👅 (b) The planets Uranus and Neptune are missing from this model of the Solar System. Suggest one reason why they are not in this model. _____ [1] [Turn over 12154.05**R**

32GSS3215

32GSS3216

(d) The 'Big Bang' theory can explain the origin of the Universe.

(i) How many years ago did the Big Bang happen?

Answer ______ years [1]

(ii) Give one alternative scientific theory for the formation of the Universe.

_ [1]

12154.05**R**

[Turn over

32GSS3217

32GSS3218

Ð

D

- Leeming 30
- (iii) A new metal has been discovered called Gihonium. Gihonium has a higher resistance than nichrome. On the grid opposite draw a line to suggest how the resistance of one metre of Gihonium will change as cross-sectional area changes. [2]
- (b) Apart from cross-sectional area, give **one** other factor which affects the resistance of nichrome wire.

_ [1]

12154.05**R**

[Turn over

32GSS3219

| a. |
|---------------|
| Reserting |
| 2 Loaming |
| Resarchy |
| Ð |
| I Learning |
| Rowardin |
| 2D |
| G |
| Rewarding |
| g Learning |
| |
| Ð |
| I Learning |
| Rewarding |
| Ð |
| A |
| Rewarding |
| 2 Learning |
| G |
| Reverting |
| 7 Learning |
| Œ |
| 20 |
| 7 Learning |
| Reserving |
| Ð |
| 7 Learning |
| Reserting |
| 2D J. Loaming |
| G |
| Resercting |
| 7 Learning |
| C |
| Ð |
| 7 Learning |
| Rewarding |
| Ð |
| a: |
| Reserveit |
| Learning |
| œ |
| Resercting |
| 7 Learning |
| Rowardin |
| Ð |
| I Learning |
| Rewarding |
| Ð |
| a |
| Rowardin |
| 7 Learning |
| Q |
| 20 |
| 7 Learning |
| Reserving |
| Ð |
| y Learning |
| Reserting |
| Learning |
| G |
| Reverding |
| Learning |
| |

| 7 (a) The diagram below shows the forces acting on a wooden block at two positions (A and B) on a slope. 0.010 0.015 0.015 B 0.015 C | | | |
|---|---|-----|--|
| Explain in terms of forces the motion, if any, of the block at both positions A and B. In this question you will be assessed on your written communication skills including the use of specialist scientific terms. | 7 | (a) | The diagram below shows the forces acting on a wooden block at two positions (A and B) on a slope. $ \begin{array}{c} 0.010 \\ 0.015 \\ 0.$ |
| including the use of specialist scientific terms. | | | Explain in terms of forces the motion, if any, of the block at both positions A and B . |
| | | | including the use of specialist scientific terms. |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| [6] | | | [6] |

32GSS3220

12154.05**R**

[Turn over

32GSS3221

8 The table below gives the range of wavelengths of different types of waves in the electromagnetic spectrum.

| Wave | Wavelength range/m |
|---------------|--|
| radio waves | 1×10 ⁶ to 1×10 ⁻¹ |
| microwaves | 1×10 ⁻¹ to 1×10 ⁻³ |
| infrared | 1×10 ⁻³ to 7×10 ⁻⁷ |
| visible light | 7×10 ⁻⁷ to 4×10 ⁻⁷ |
| ultraviolet | 4×10 ⁻⁷ to 1×10 ⁻⁸ |
| X - rays | 1×10 ⁻⁸ to 1×10 ⁻¹³ |
| gamma rays | 1×10 ⁻¹⁰ to 1×10 ⁻¹⁶ |

- (a) Name the wave that has the **smallest** range of wavelengths.
- (b) The diagram below shows a microwave oven.

Explain fully how the rays in a microwave oven heat food.

_ [3]

P2

12154.05**R**

32GSS3222

[1]

The table below shows the frequency of three different bands of 4G mobile phone signals.

| Band | Frequency/Hz | Wavelength/m |
|------|---------------------|--------------|
| Α | 8.0×10 ⁸ | 0.375 |
| В | 1.8×10 ⁹ | 0.167 |
| С | 2.6×10 ⁹ | 0.115 |

(c) Which band (A, B or C) may cause the most harm to humans? Explain your answer fully.

(d) A microwave oven has a power of 1100 W and is used for 3 minutes.

Use the equation:

units used = power × time

to calculate the number of electrical units used.

(Show your working out.)

Answer _____ kWh [3]

_____ [3]

[Turn over

12154.05**R**

30

32GSS3223

| | X | Transform | Hou |
|--|---|--|--|
| | | [*] power line | es |
| (i) Wł | nat name is given to the | e type of transformer us | ed at Y ? |
| () | Ŭ | | |
| | | | |
| Transfo them. 7 | ormers change the volt These changes affect e nich row in the table be | age across power lines anergy losses in the pow low (A , B , C or D) is cor | and the current the er line. rrect for transforme |
| Transfo them. 7 (ii) Wh | ormers change the volt These changes affect e nich row in the table be Voltage across the power lines | age across power lines a nergy losses in the pow low (A , B , C or D) is cor Current through the power lines | and the current th rer line. rrect for transform Energy losse |
| Transfo them. T (ii) Wh | ormers change the volt These changes affect e nich row in the table be Voltage across the power lines increased | age across power lines nergy losses in the pow low (A , B , C or D) is cor Current through the power lines decreased | and the current th rer line. rrect for transform Energy losse decreased |
| Transfo them. 1 (ii) Wh A B | ormers change the volt These changes affect e nich row in the table be Voltage across the power lines increased decreased | age across power lines energy losses in the pow low (A , B , C or D) is cor Current through the power lines decreased increased | and the current th ver line. rrect for transform Energy losse decreased increased |
| Transfo them. T (ii) Wh A B C | ormers change the volt These changes affect en hich row in the table be Voltage across the power lines increased decreased increased | age across power lines onergy losses in the pow low (A , B , C or D) is cor Current through the power lines decreased increased decreased | and the current the rer line. Trect for transformer Energy losse decreased increased increased |

12154.05**R**

32GSS3224

P

BLANK PAGE

DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE

(Questions continue overleaf)

12154.05**R**

[Turn over

32GSS3225

9 The table below shows the average speed of a car at different stages (A, B, C and D) of a journey. The speed limit in this area, A to D, is 13.4 m/s.

| Stage of journey | Time of day | Distance travelled/ m | Average speed/ m/s |
|---------------------|-------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| Α | 1.00 – 1.20 | 15 600 | 13 |
| В | 1.20 – 1.30 | 7 800 | 13 |
| С | 1.30 – 1.35 | 4 230 | 14.1 |
| D | 1.35 – 1.50 | 6 930 | |

(a) Use the equation:

average speed = $\frac{\text{distance}}{\text{time}}$

to calculate the average speed for stage **D** of this journey.

(Show your working out.)

Answer _____ m/s [2]

32GSS3226

P2

- (b) There are two types of speed cameras. One measures average speed and the other measures instantaneous speed.
 - (i) Explain fully the difference between average speed and instantaneous speed.
 - _____ [2]
 - (ii) Which type of speed camera would catch this driver speeding? Explain your answer.

_____ [1]

12154.05**R**

[Turn over

32GSS3227

C D a Ð a D a 20 Learning G Ð a Ð a Ð a Ð a Ð Œ Ð a D a 2D a Ð C Ð a D a Ð a Ð C Ð C D CC. Resarding Ð

Resercit

(c) To save fossil fuels manufacturers are designing cars to use petrol which contains an extender.

The graph below shows how different proportions of extenders added to petrol can affect the power produced by an engine.

32GSS3228

(ii) What name is given to fuels such as biodiesel and hydrogen which are being used instead of petrol and diesel?

_____ [1]

THIS IS THE END OF THE QUESTION PAPER

12154.05**R**

BLANK PAGE

DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE

32GSS3230

D

BLANK PAGE

DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE

12154.05**R**

DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE

| For Examiner's use only | | |
|-------------------------|-------|--|
| Question Number | Marks | |
| 1 | | |
| 2 | | |
| 3 | | |
| 4 | | |
| 5 | | |
| 6 | | |
| 7 | | |
| 8 | | |
| 9 | | |
| Total Marks | | |
| | | |

Examiner Number

Permission to reproduce all copyright material has been applied for. In some cases, efforts to contact copyright holders may have been unsuccessful and CCEA will be happy to rectify any omissions of acknowledgement in future if notified.

12154.05**R**

32GSS3232