Surnam	е
--------	---

Centre Number

First name(s)



GCSE

3400UB0-1

722-3400UB0-1

TUESDAY, 17 MAY 2022 - MORNING

BIOLOGY – Unit 2:

Variation, Homeostasis and Micro-organisms

HIGHER TIER

1 hour 45 minutes

For Examiner's use only			
Question	Maximum Mark	Mark Awarded	
1.	9		
2.	11		
3.	8		
4.	9		
5.	7		
6.	9		
7.	9		
8.	11		
9.	7		
Total	80		

ADDITIONAL MATERIALS

In addition to this paper you may require a calculator and a ruler.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Do not use gel pen or correction fluid.

You may use pencil for graphs and diagrams only.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page. Answer all questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet. If you run out of space, use the additional pages at the back of the booklet, taking care to number the question(s) correctly.

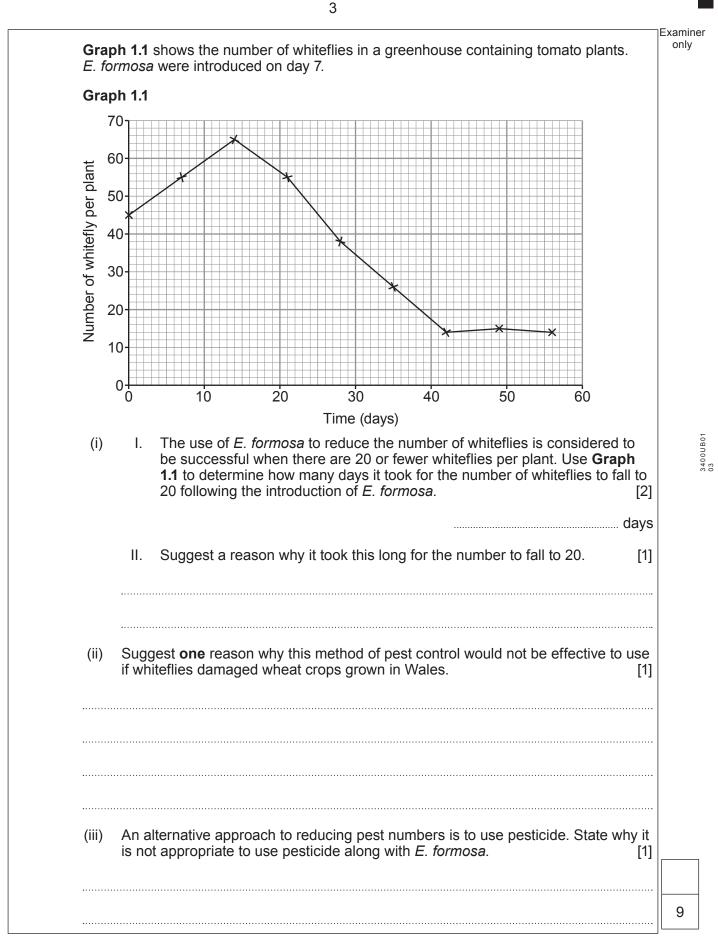
INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question. Question **7**(b) is a quality of extended response (QER) question where your writing skills will be assessed.



Examiner only Answer all questions. Biological control is used to reduce the numbers of a pest population through the introduction of another species. It has been used with varying success since the 19th century. 1. State two advantages of this method of control. [2] (a) (i) Advantage 1 Advantage 2 State two disadvantages of this method of control. [2] (ii) **Disadvantage 1** Disadvantage 2 The whitefly (Trialeurodes vaporariorum) is a pest which damages greenhouse crops (b) such as tomatoes. Whitefly numbers can be reduced by using the biological control agent Encarsia formosa. Encarsia formosa fact file E. formosa is a tiny wasp that lays eggs inside developing whitefly. When the eggs hatch, the young wasps kill the developing whitefly from the inside. Optimal conditions for *E. formosa* are temperatures over 20°C. When daytime temperatures are less than 17°C, E. formosa activity is significantly reduced, making it less effective.







2.	Hair I the a	ength llele fo	in cats is controlled by a pair of alleles. The allele for short hair (H) is dominant to or long hair (h).	Examin only
	(a)	State	e what is meant by the terms:	
		(i)	allele; [1]
		(ii)	dominant; [1	
		. ,	recessive. [1	



(b) (i) A cat breeder crossed a homozygous short-haired cat with a long-haired cat. Complete the Punnett square to show the predicted genotypes of the offspring. Use the letters H and h for the alleles. [2]

Gametes	

(ii) State the **phenotype** of the offspring in the F1 generation.

(iii) **Complete the Punnett square** to show the possible genotypes of the offspring if two of the F1 offspring were crossed. [2]

Gametes	

(iv) Using the results from (b)(iii), state how many kittens would be predicted to be short-haired in a litter of 8 kittens.

(v) The cat breeder wanted to determine whether one of the short-haired cats was homozygous or heterozygous. She decided to breed the short-haired cat with a long-haired cat. Predict the phenotypes of the offspring you would expect if the short-haired cat was:

I. Homozygous [1]

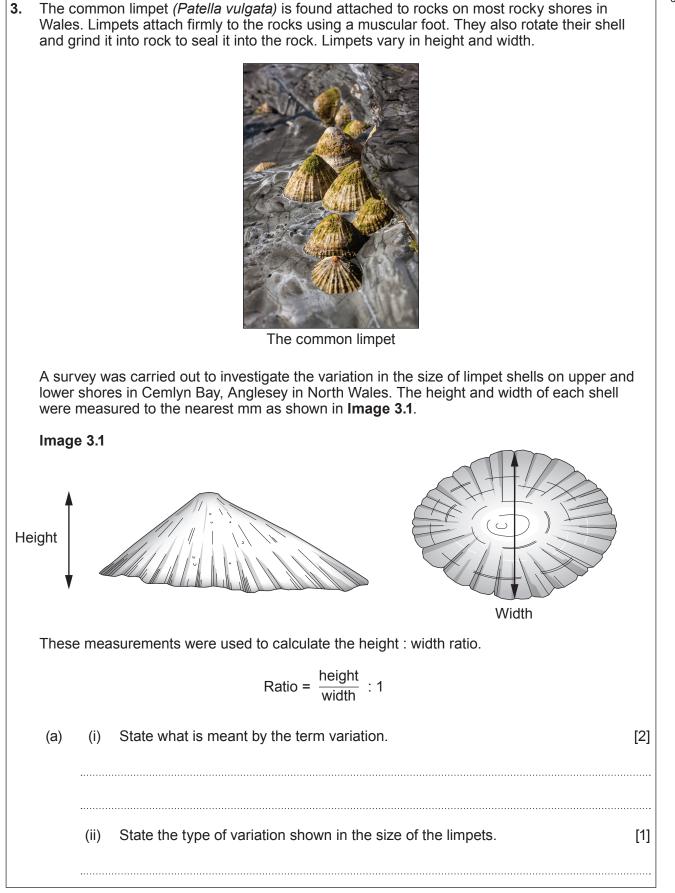


11

[1]

[1]

Examiner only





attached to rocks on most rocky shores in

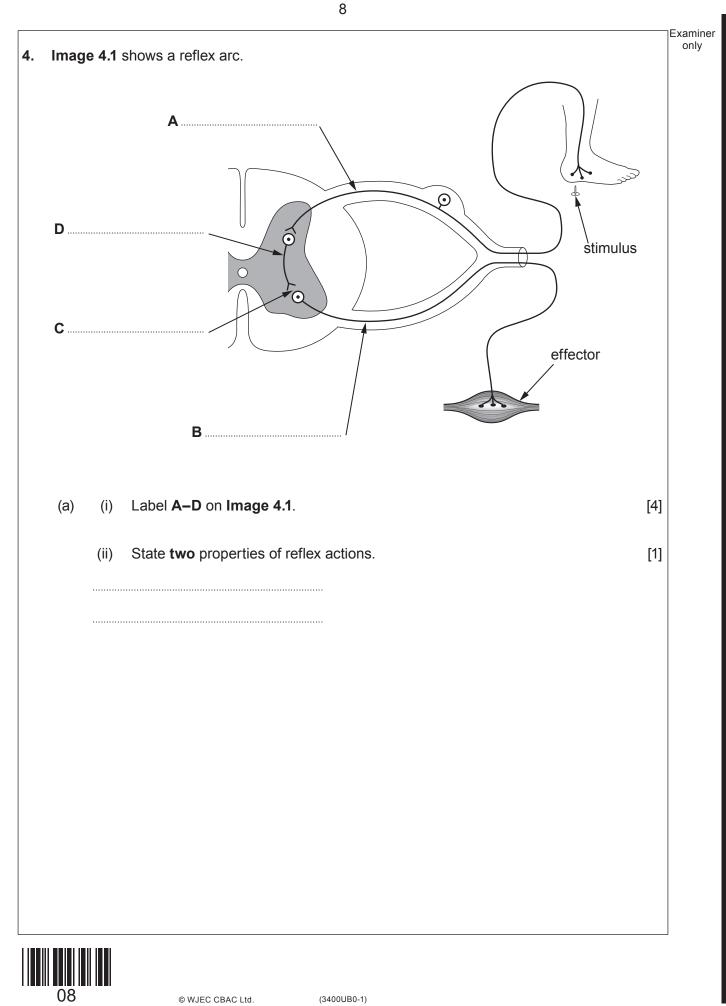
Examiner only

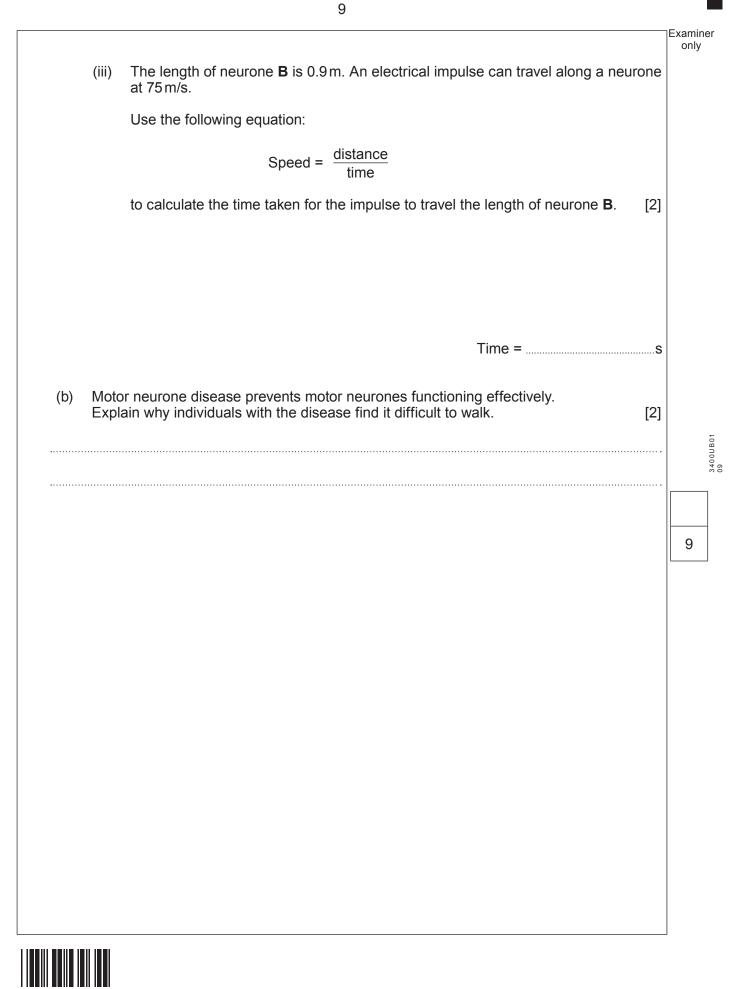
enny

3400UB01 07

	Limpet shell height : width ratio			
	Limpet number	Upper shore	Lower shore	
	1	1.35 : 1	0.38 : 1	
	2	1.53 : 1	0.36 : 1	
	3	1.47 : 1	0.41 : 1	
	4	1.80 : 1	0.28 : 1	_
	5	3.11 : 1	0.44 : 1	_
	6	3.00 : 1	0.57 : 1	_
	7	2.56 : 1	0.58 : 1	_
	8	2.45 : 1	0.37 : 1	_
	9	2.00 : 1	0.27 : 1	
	10	2.42 : 1	0.30 : 1	
	Mean	2.17 : 1	: 1	_
(ii)	State the conclusion th and their position on th	at can be made abou e shore. Suggest a r	ut the height to width eason for this.	ratios of limpets







The yellow crazy ant (Anoplolepis gracilipes) was introduced accidentally to northern Australia. 5. Due to the ecological damage it has caused, it is on a list of "one hundred of the world's worst invasive species" produced by the International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN). The ants build super-colonies that disrupt native habitats. Yellow crazy ants State what is meant by the term invasive species. (a) [1] (i) State the genus of the yellow crazy ant. [1] (ii) Explain how the formation of super-colonies affects biodiversity. [1] (iii)



Examiner only

Examiner only Female ants have a chromosome number of 34 and produce gametes through the (b) process of meiosis. State how many gametes are produced from each mother cell. [1] (i) Males develop from female eggs which have not been fertilised. Conclude the (ii) chromosome number in males and explain your answer. [2] [1] State one function of mitosis in adult ants. (iii)

11



3400UB01 11





Examiner only

- Using aseptic techniques, they diluted the sample by a factor of 10000. They plated 1 cm^3 of the diluted sample onto nutrient agar.
- The lid of the plate was secured with tape.
- The plate was incubated at 37 °C for 2 days.
- The result is shown in Image 6.1.

6.

Image 6.1 nutrient agar one colony (a) State the assumption that must be made when calculating the number of bacterial (i) cells present in the original sample. [1] Calculate the number of bacteria in 1 cm³ of the original sample taken by the (ii) Ι. environmental health officers. Write your answer in standard form. [3] Number of bacteria = 11. Conclude whether the milk sample was safe for human consumption. Explain your answer. [1]



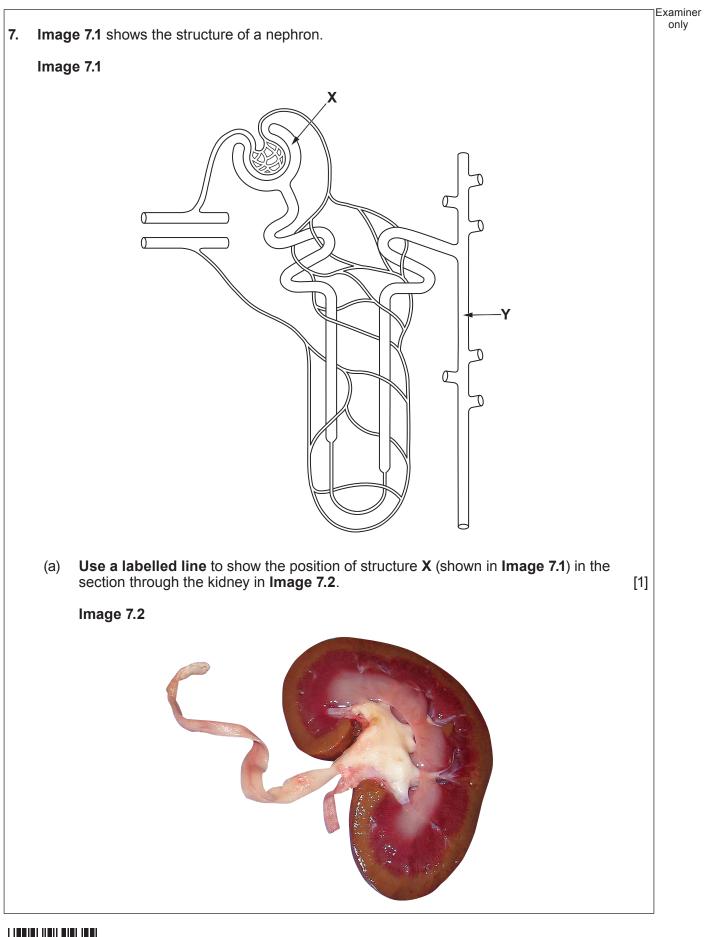
 (b) Suggest why the plates were incubated at 37 °C.
 [1]

 (c) (i) State why the lids of the agar plates were secured with tape.
 [1]

 (ii) State two other precautions that should have been taken to ensure aseptic technique.
 [2]









		the HER2 gene. The high level of HER2 protein found on the surface of the cells m to grow and divide excessively.
(a)	State	e what is meant by the term mutation.
(b)	(i)	In Wales, approximately 2900 people are diagnosed with breast cancer each year. Calculate how many of those diagnosed would be expected to have a high level of HER2 protein present.
		Number of people =
	(ii)	Explain how the HER2 gene codes for the production of HER2 protein.
	·····	
	·····	



(C)	Since 1985, approximately 100 different monoclonal antibodies have been developed and some are used in the treatment of breast cancer linked to the mutated HER2 gene. During chemotherapy a drug is attached to the monoclonal antibody to target these cancer cells directly.	□Examiner only
	Explain how the monoclonal antibody targets these cancer cells directly. [3]	
•••••		
(d)	State two other uses of monoclonal antibodies. [2]	
		11

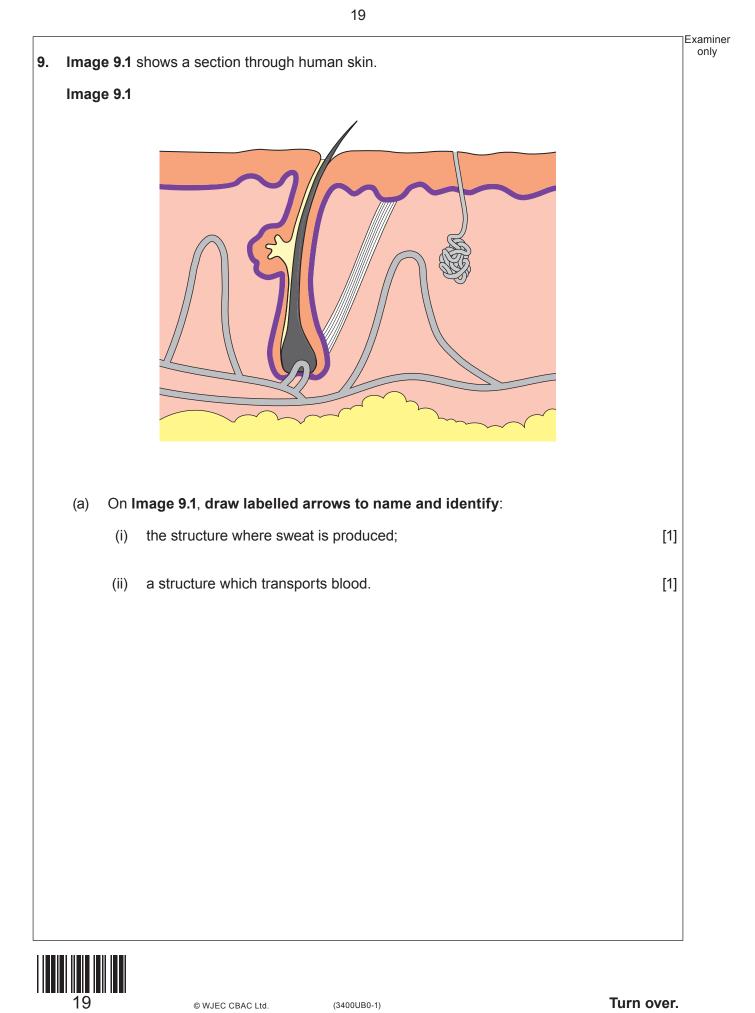


BLANK PAGE

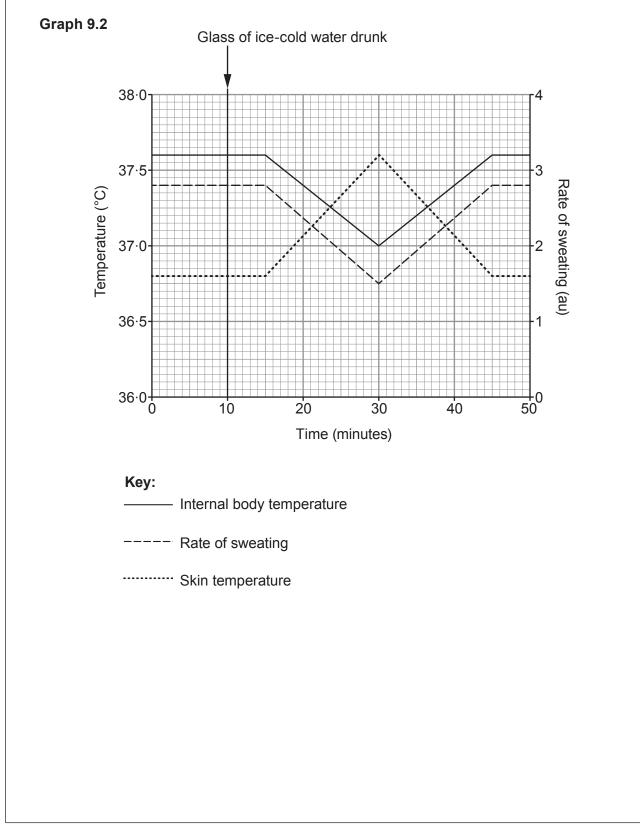
18

PLEASE DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE





Gareth carried out an experiment to investigate homeostasis. He sat in a room heated to 50°C. His internal body temperature, rate of sweating and skin temperature were monitored. After 10 minutes in the room, he drank a glass of ice-cold water. The results are shown in **Graph 9.2**.





© WJEC CBAC Ltd.

(1)		Examiner only
(b)	Explain the effect that drinking the ice-cold water had on Gareth between 10 minutes and 30 minutes, as shown on Graph 9.2 . [5]	
•••••		
•••••		
•••••		
•••••		
•••••		
		7
	END OF PAPER	



Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question number(s) in the left-hand margin.	Examiner only



uestion) umber	Additional page, if required. Write the question number(s) in the left-hand margin.	Examine only



BLANK PAGE

24

PLEASE DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE

